

AGE AND SEX
2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

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Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:
2016
 2015
 2014
 2013
 2012
 2011
 2010
 2009
 2008
 2007
 2006
 2005

Subject	Alaska					
	Total		Male		Female	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total population	741,894	*****	390,573	+/-2,254	351,321	+/-2,254
AGE						
Under 5 years	7.1%	+/-0.1	7.0%	+/-0.2	7.2%	+/-0.3
5 to 9 years	7.2%	+/-0.3	6.8%	+/-0.4	7.8%	+/-0.5
10 to 14 years	6.9%	+/-0.3	7.6%	+/-0.5	6.1%	+/-0.5
15 to 19 years	6.6%	+/-0.3	6.8%	+/-0.4	6.3%	+/-0.4
20 to 24 years	7.7%	+/-0.3	8.5%	+/-0.4	6.7%	+/-0.4
25 to 29 years	8.6%	+/-0.2	8.4%	+/-0.3	8.9%	+/-0.4
30 to 34 years	7.8%	+/-0.3	7.7%	+/-0.3	7.8%	+/-0.4
35 to 39 years	6.6%	+/-0.4	6.5%	+/-0.5	6.8%	+/-0.5
40 to 44 years	5.8%	+/-0.4	5.5%	+/-0.6	6.2%	+/-0.5
45 to 49 years	5.9%	+/-0.2	6.0%	+/-0.3	5.9%	+/-0.3
50 to 54 years	6.6%	+/-0.2	6.7%	+/-0.3	6.5%	+/-0.2
55 to 59 years	7.3%	+/-0.4	7.3%	+/-0.6	7.2%	+/-0.5
60 to 64 years	5.6%	+/-0.3	5.5%	+/-0.4	5.8%	+/-0.4
65 to 69 years	4.3%	+/-0.3	4.4%	+/-0.3	4.0%	+/-0.3
70 to 74 years	2.8%	+/-0.2	2.5%	+/-0.3	3.0%	+/-0.3
75 to 79 years	1.5%	+/-0.1	1.5%	+/-0.2	1.5%	+/-0.2
80 to 84 years	0.8%	+/-0.1	0.7%	+/-0.2	0.9%	+/-0.2
85 years and over	0.9%	+/-0.1	0.6%	+/-0.1	1.3%	+/-0.2
SELECTED AGE CATEGORIES						
5 to 14 years	14.1%	+/-0.2	14.4%	+/-0.3	13.8%	+/-0.3
15 to 17 years	4.1%	+/-0.2	4.1%	+/-0.3	4.0%	+/-0.3
18 to 24 years	10.2%	+/-0.2	11.3%	+/-0.4	9.0%	+/-0.4
15 to 44 years	43.1%	+/-0.3	43.4%	+/-0.5	42.7%	+/-0.5
16 years and over	77.5%	+/-0.2	77.5%	+/-0.4	77.6%	+/-0.4
18 years and over	74.8%	+/-0.1	74.6%	+/-0.3	74.9%	+/-0.3
60 years and over	15.9%	+/-0.3	15.2%	+/-0.4	16.6%	+/-0.5
62 years and over	13.5%	+/-0.3	13.1%	+/-0.4	13.8%	+/-0.4
65 years and over	10.2%	+/-0.1	9.7%	+/-0.2	10.8%	+/-0.2
75 years and over	3.2%	+/-0.1	2.7%	+/-0.1	3.8%	+/-0.2
SUMMARY INDICATORS						
Median age (years)	33.5	+/-0.3	32.8	+/-0.3	34.3	+/-0.5
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	111.2	+/-1.4	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Age dependency ratio	55.0	+/-0.4	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Old-age dependency ratio	15.8	+/-0.3	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Child dependency ratio	39.1	+/-0.2	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
PERCENT ALLOCATED						
Sex	0.1%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Age	2.7%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

- An '*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- An '*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
- An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The age dependency ratio is derived by dividing the combined under-18 and 65-and-over populations by the 18-to-64 population and multiplying by 100.

The old-age dependency ratio is derived by dividing the population 65 and over by the 18-to-64 population and multiplying by 100.

The child dependency ratio is derived by dividing the population under 18 by the 18-to-64 population and multiplying by 100.

When information is missing or inconsistent, the Census Bureau logically assigns an acceptable value using the response to a related question or questions. If a logical assignment is not possible, data are filled using a statistical process called allocation, which uses a similar individual or household to provide a donor value. The "Allocated" section is the number of respondents who received an allocated value for a particular subject.

While the 2016 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.